P011. HOUSEHOLD SIZE, HOUSEHOLD TYPE, AND PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN - Universe: HOUSEHOLDS

Data Set: 2002 American Community Survey Summary Tables Survey: American Community Survey

.S. Census Bureau

American FactFinder

NOTE. Data are limited to the household population and exclude the population living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <u>Survey Methodology</u>.

	Alaska		
	Estimate	Lower Bound	Upper Bound
Total:	225,474	221,333	229,616
1-person household:	50,490	47,164	53,816
Male householder	29,187	26,737	31,637
Female householder	21,303	19,429	23,177
2-or-more-person household:	174,984	169,567	180,401
Family households:	161,026	154,862	167,190
Married-couple family:	124,240	119,894	128,586
With own children under 18 years	60,536	56,568	64,504
No own children under 18 years	63,704	61,307	66,101
Other family:	36,786	33,446	40,126
Male householder, no wife present:	12,957	11,022	14,892
With own children under 18 years	7,897	6,476	9,318
No own children under 18 years	5,060	3,616	6,504
Female householder, no husband present:	23,829	21,371	26,288
With own children under 18 years	17,998	15,754	20,242
No own children under 18 years	5,831	4,783	6,879
Nonfamily households:	13,958	11,943	15,973
Male householder	7,788	6,438	9,138
Female householder	6,170	4,556	7,784

Notes

The 2002 American Community Survey universe is limited to the household population and excludes the population living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters. Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate is represented through the use of a confidence interval. The confidence interval computed here is a 90 percent confidence interval and can be interpreted roughly as providing 90 percent certainty that the true number falls between the lower and upper bounds.

The number of householders does not necessarily equal the number of households because of differences in the weighting schemes for the population and occupied housing units.

Click on the table title to access subject characteristics and code lists related to this table.

1. An '*' entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the lower and upper bounds. A statistical test is not appropriate.

2. An '**' entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that no sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the lower and upper bounds. A statistical test is not appropriate.

3. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that no sample observations were available to compute an estimate.

4. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

5. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
6. An '***' entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

7. An '*****' entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test is not appropriate.